

# Octave Quick Reference

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Octave 8.0.0

## Starting and Stopping

```
octave [-gui]          start Octave CLI/GUI session
octave file            run Octave commands in file
octave --eval code  evaluate code using Octave
octave --help           describe command line options
quit or exit           exit Octave
Ctrl-C                terminate current command and return to top-level prompt
```

## Getting Help

```
help command        briefly describe command
doc command          use Info to browse Octave manual
doc command          search for command in Octave manual
lookfor str          search for command based on str
```

## Command Completion and History

```
TAB                  complete a command or variable name
Alt-?                list possible completions
Ctrl-r Ctrl-s       search command history
```

## Directory and Path Commands

```
cd dir              change working directory to dir
pwd                 print working directory
ls [options]        print directory listing
what                list .m/.mat files in the current directory
path                search path for Octave functions
pathdef             default search path
addpath (dir)      add a directory to the path
getenv (var)        value of environment variable
```

## Package Management

Add-on packages are independent of core Octave, listed at <https://packages.octave.org/>

```
pkg install -forge pkg   download and install pkg
pkg install file.tar.gz  install pre-downloaded package file
pkg list             show installed packages
pkg load / pkg unload  load/unload installed package
statistics optimization various common packages
control signal image
symbolic etc.
```

## Matrices

Square brackets delimit literal matrices. Commas separate elements on the same row. Semicolons separate rows. Commas may be replaced by spaces, and semicolons may be replaced by newlines. Elements of a matrix may be arbitrary expressions, assuming all the dimensions agree.

```
[x, y, ...]    enter a row vector
[x; y; ...]    enter a column vector
[w, x; y, z] enter a 2×2 matrix
rows columns       number of rows/columns of matrix
zeros ones         create matrix of zeros/ones
eye diag          create identity/diagonal matrix
rand randi randn  create matrix of random values
sparse spalloc    create a sparse matrix
all               true if all elements nonzero
```

**any** true if at least one element nonzero  
**nnz** number of nonzero elements

## Multi-dimensional Arrays

```
ndims              number of dimensions
reshape squeeze   change array shape
resize             change array shape, lossy
cat                join arrays along a given dimension
permute ipermute  like N-dimensional transpose
shiftdim          cyclically shift array elements
circshift         matrices useful for vectorization
meshgrid          
```

## Ranges

Create sequences of real numbers as row vectors.  
*base* : *limit*  
*base* : *incr* : *limit*  
*incr* == 1 if not specified. Negative ranges allowed.

## Numeric Types and Values

Integers saturate in Octave. They do not roll over.

<i>int8</i>	<i>int16</i>	<i>int32</i>	<i>int64</i>	signed integers
<i>uint8</i>	<i>uint16</i>	<i>uint32</i>		unsigned integers
<i>uint64</i>				
<i>single</i>	<i>double</i>			32-bit/64-bit IEEE floating point
<i>intmin</i>	<i>intmax</i>	<i>flintmax</i>		integer limits of given type
<i>realmin</i>	<i>realmax</i>			floating point limits of given type
<i>inf</i>	<i>nan</i>	<i>NA</i>		IEEE infinity, NaN, missing value
<i>eps</i>				machine precision
<i>pi</i>	<i>e</i>			3.14159..., 2.71828...
<i>i</i>	<i>j</i>			$\sqrt{-1}$

## Strings

A *string constant* consists of a sequence of characters enclosed in either double-quote or single-quote marks. Strings in double-quotes allow the use of the escape sequences below.

```
\\"                   a literal backslash
\"                   a literal double-quote character
\'                   a literal single-quote character
\n                   newline, ASCII code 10
\t                   horizontal tab, ASCII code 9
sprintf sscanf     formatted IO to/from string
strcmp             compare strings
strcat             join strings
strfind regexp     find matching patterns
strrep regexprep  find and replace patterns
```

## Index Expressions

```
var(idx)           select elements of a vector
var(idx1, idx2)    select elements of a matrix
var([1 3], :)        rows 1 and 3
var(:, [2 end])      the second and last columns
var(1:2:end, 2:2:end) get odd rows and even columns
var1(var2 == 0)      elements of var1 corresponding to zero elements of var2
var(:)              all elements as a column vector
```

## Cells, Structures, and Classdefs

*var{idx} = ...* set an element of a cell array
*cellfun (f, c)* apply a function to elements of cell array
*var.field = ...* set a field of a structure
*fieldnames (s)* returns the fields of a structure
*structfun (f, s)* apply a function to fields of structure
*classdef* define new classes for OOP

## Assignment Expressions

```
var = expr          assign value to variable
var(idx) = expr  only the indexed elements are changed
var(idx) = []       delete the indexed elements
```

## Arithmetic Operators

If two operands are of different sizes, scalars and singleton dimensions are automatically expanded. Non-singleton dimensions need to match.

<i>x</i> + <i>y</i>	<i>x</i> - <i>y</i>	addition, subtraction
<i>x</i> * <i>y</i>		matrix multiplication
<i>x</i> .* <i>y</i>		element-by-element multiplication
<i>x</i> / <i>y</i>		right division, conceptually equivalent to <i>(inverse (y') * x')</i>
<i>x</i> ./ <i>y</i>		element-by-element right division
<i>x</i> \ <i>y</i>		left division, conceptually equivalent to <i>inverse (x) * y</i>
<i>x</i> ./\ <i>y</i>		element-by-element left division
<i>x</i> ^ <i>y</i>		power operator
<i>x</i> .^ <i>y</i>		element-by-element power operator
<i>x</i> += <i>y</i>	<i>x</i> -= <i>y</i>	in-place equivalents of the above
<i>x</i> ./= <i>y</i>	<i>x</i> \/= <i>y</i>	operators
<i>x</i> -		negation
<i>x</i> +		unary plus (a no-op)
<i>x</i> '		complex conjugate transpose
<i>x</i> .		transpose
<i>x</i> ++ <i>x</i> --		increment / decrement, return <i>new</i> value
<i>x</i> ++ <i>x</i> --		increment / decrement, return <i>old</i> value

## Comparison and Boolean Operators

These operators work on an element-by-element basis. Both arguments are always evaluated.

```
< <= == > >= >    relational operators
!= ~=          not equal to
&              logical AND
|              logical OR
! ~             logical NOT
```

## Short-circuit Boolean Operators

Operators evaluate left-to-right. Operands are only evaluated if necessary, stopping once overall truth value can be determined. Non-scalar operands are converted to scalars with *all*.

```
x && y          logical AND
x || y          logical OR
```

## Operator Precedence

Table of Octave operators, in order of **decreasing** precedence.

O { } .	array index, cell index, structure index
', .' ^ .^ .^	transpose and exponentiation
+ - +- -- !	unary minus, increment, logical “not”
* / \ .* ./ .\	multiplication and division
+ -	addition and subtraction
:	colon
< <= == > >= !=	relational operators
&	element-wise “and” and “or”
&&	logical “and” and “or”
= += -= *= /= etc.	assignment, groups left to right
; ,	statement separators

## General programming

endfor, endwhile, endif etc.	can all be replaced by end.
for <i>x</i> = 1:10	for loop
endfor	
while ( <i>x</i> <= 10)	while loop
endwhile	
do	do-until loop
until ( <i>x</i> > 10)	
if ( <i>x</i> < 5)	if-then-else
elseif ( <i>x</i> < 6)	
else	
endif	
switch ( <i>tf</i> )	switch-case
case "true"	
case "false"	
otherwise	
endswitch	
break	exit innermost loop
continue	go to start of innermost loop
return	jump back from function to caller
try	cleanup only on exception
catch	
unwind_protect	cleanup always
unwind_protect_cleanup	

## Functions

```
function [ret-list =] function-name [(arg-list)]
  function-body
endfunction
```

*ret-list* may be a single identifier or a comma-separated list of identifiers enclosed by square brackets.  
*arg-list* is a comma-separated list of identifiers and may be empty.

## Function Handles and Evaluation

```
@func           create a function handle to func
@(vars) expr    define an anonymous function
str2func func2str convert function to/from string
```

**functions**      Return information about a function  
**(handle)**  
**f (args)**      Evaluate a function handle *f*  
**feval**      Evaluate a function handle or string  
**eval (str)**      evaluate *str* as a command  
**system (cmd)**    execute arbitrary shell command string

Anonymous function handles make a copy of the variables in the current workspace at the time of creation.

## Global and Persistent Variables

**global var = ...**    declare & initialize global variable  
**persistent var = ...** persistent/static variable  
 Global variables may be accessed inside the body of a function without having to be passed in the function parameter list provided that they are declared global when used.

## Common Functions

**disp**      display value of variable  
**printf**     formatted output to **stdout**  
**input scanf**    input from **stdin**  
**who whos**    list current variables  
**clear pattern** clear variables matching pattern  
**exist**     check existence of identifier  
**find**      return indices of nonzero elements  
**sort**      return a sorted array  
**unique**    discard duplicate elements  
**sortrows**   sort whole rows in numerical or lexicographic order  
**sum prod**   sum or product  
**mod rem**   remainder functions  
**min max range** basic statistics  
**mean median std**

## Error Handling, Debugging, Profiling

**error (message)** print message and return to top level  
**warning (message)** print a warning message  
**debug**      guide to all debugging commands  
**profile**     start/stop/clear/resume profiling  
**profshow**   show the results of profiling  
**profexplore**

## File I/O, Loading, Saving

**save load**    save/load variables to/from file  
**save -binary**   save in binary format (faster)  
**dlmread dlmwrite** read/write delimited data  
**csvread csvwrite** read/write CSV files  
**xlsread xlswrite** read/write XLS spreadsheets  
  
**fopen fclose**   open/close files  
**fprintf fscanf**   formatted file I/O  
**textscan**  
**fflush**      flush pending output

## Math Functions

Run **doc <function>** to find related functions.

<b>cov corrcoef</b>	covariance, correlation coefficient
<b>tan</b> <b>tanh</b> <b>atan2</b>	trig and hyperbolic functions
<b>cross curl del2</b>	vector algebra functions

**det inv**      determinant matrix inverse  
**eig**      eigenvalues and eigenvectors  
**norm**      vector norm, matrix norm  
**rank**      matrix rank  
**qr**      QR factorization  
**chol**      Cholesky factorization  
**svd**      singular value decomposition

**fsolve**      solve nonlinear algebraic equations  
**lsode ode45**   integrate nonlinear ODEs  
**dassl**      integrate nonlinear DAEs  
**integral**    integrate nonlinear functions  
  
**union**      set union  
**intersection**   set intersection  
**setdiff**    set difference  
  
**roots**      polynomial roots  
**poly**      matrix characteristic polynomial  
**polyder polyint**   polynomial derivative or integral  
**polyfit polyval**   polynomial fitting and evaluation  
**residue**    partial fraction expansion  
**legendre bessel**   special functions  
  
**conv conv2**   convolution, polynomial multiplication  
**deconv**     deconvolution, polynomial division  
  
**fft fft2 ifft(a)**   FFT / inverse FFT  
**freqz**      FIR filter frequency response  
**filter**     filter by transfer function

## Plotting and Graphics

**plot plot3**    2D / 3D plot with linear axes  
**line**      2D or 3D line  
**patch fill**    2D patch, optionally colored  
**semilogx semilogy**   logarithmic axes  
**loglog**  
**bar hist**    bar chart, histogram  
**stairs stem**    stairs and stem graphs  
**contour**    contour plot  
**mesh trimesh surf**   plot 3D surfaces  
  
**figure**      new figure  
**hold on**     add to existing figure  
**title**      set plot title  
**axis**      set axis range and aspect  
**xlabel ylabel zlabel**   set axis labels  
**text**      add text to a plot  
**grid legend**   draw grid or legend  
  
**image imagesc spy**   display matrix as image  
**imwrite saveas print**   save figure or image  
**imread**    load an image  
**colormap**   get or set colormap

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